

#### A Borough to be proud of

#### FORWARD TIMETABLE OF CONSULTATION AND DECISION MAKING

FINANCE & PERFORMANCE SCRUTINY 30 JANUARY 2017 COUNCIL 23 FEBRUARY 2017

WARDS AFFECTED: ALL WARDS

#### **HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT BUDGET 2017/18**

#### Report of Head of Finance

- 1. PURPOSE OF REPORT
- 1.1 To seek approval of the 2017/18 Housing Revenue Account (HRA) budget, including the Housing Repairs Account.
- 2. RECOMMENDATION
- 2.1 That Committee recommends to Council to approve the Rent Policy for 2017/18 as set out in paragraph 3.9.
- 2.2 That Committee recommends to Council to approve:
  - The revised Housing Revenue and Housing Repairs Account budgets for 2016/17 shown in Appendix 1 and Appendix 2
  - The Housing Revenue and Housing Repairs Account budgets for 2017/18 shown in Appendix 1 and Appendix 2
  - The proposed movement in reserves shown in Appendix 3

#### 3. BACKGROUND TO THE REPORT

- 3.1 The budgets covered by this report relate to the Council's responsibilities as the landlord of around 3,300 dwellings. The Housing Revenue Account is the ring fenced account which presents financial performance for the following activities:
  - Income from dwelling rents and associated charges, e.g. utilities
  - Supervision & Management (General), e.g. lettings, waiting list, rent collection, tenant consultation
  - Supervision & Management (Special) e.g. sheltered schemes, hostel, roads, paths, fences and grounds, which are not part of an individual property
  - Housing Repairs & Maintenance, which has a separate account and deals with the maintenance of individual properties.

3.2 The Council, as landlord to properties within the Housing Revenue Account is required to review rent levels and advise tenants of their rent for the forthcoming year ahead as part of the budget setting process.

#### **Rent setting**

### Policy from 2016/17

- 3.3 On the 8 July 2015, as part of the summer budget, the government announced a revised rent policy which would apply for 4 years from 2016/17. The objective of this policy was to assist the public with their rent bills.
- 3.4 The new policy is to reduce social housing rent by 1% for the next 4 years and then increase by 1% plus Consumer Price Index (CPI).
- 3.5 The policy also states that for a period of 1 year supported housing will be excepted from the above reduction and will be limited to an increase of CPI Plus 1%.
- 3.6 Based on the 2016/17 policy the rents have been calculated on the following:
  - Social housing rent will reduce by 1%
  - Supported housing element will be kept at its current rate
  - Void loss assumption of 2%
  - Garage rent increase of 1.1%
  - Sheltered scheme charges increase by 1.1%, capped at £15
- 3.7 After factoring in the above the forecast rental income for 2016/17 is £13,080,636.

#### Policy from 2017/18

- 3.8 On the 8 July 2015, as part of the summer budget, the government announced a revised rent policy which would apply for 3 years from 2017/18. The objective of this policy was to assist the public with their rent bills.
- 3.9 The new policy is to reduce social housing rent by 1% for the next 3 years and then increase by 1% plus Consumer Price Index (CPI).
- 3.10 Based on the 2016/17 policy the rents have been calculated on the following:
  - Social housing and supported housing rent will reduce by 1%
  - Void loss assumption of 2%
  - Garage rent increase of 2.1%
  - Sheltered scheme charges increase by 2.1%, capped at £15
- 3.11 After factoring in the above the forecast rental income for 2017/18 is £12,941,480.

#### **Budget summary**

- 3.12 The original Housing Revenue Account budget for 2016/17, revised budget for 2016/17 (based on November 2016 outturn) and the proposed budget for 2017/18 is set out in Appendix 1.
- 3.13 The original Housing Repairs Account budget for 2016/17, revised budgets for 2016/17 (based on November 2016 outturn) and the proposed budget for 2017/18 is set out in Appendix 2

#### Revised 2016/17 Budget

- 3.14 The original budgets for 2016/17 have, in accordance with the Council's Financial Procedures, been revised during the year to take account of approved supplementary budgets and virements.
- 3.15 Appendix 1 identifies £30,861 of additional costs on the Housing Revenue Account to year end. This is due to additional costs relating to the sale of HRA land and tenant association support and savings made in support service charges in the year. No other significant changes are currently forecast. Additionally the contribution to the regeneration reserve has been increased by £145,210 to ensure the 2016/17 HRA balance is at £250 per property.
- 3.16 In addition, Appendix 2 summarises the Housing Repairs Account to year end. After allowing for in year budget movements It is estimated that the repairs balance will be £357,688 compared against an original budgeted balance of £347,003.

#### 2017/18 Budget

#### Service Priorities and links to other documents

- 3.17 The 2017/18 budget has been created with clear links to the Council's strategic and service objectives.
- 3.18 In addition to the Corporate Plan, the overarching strategic document for the HRA is the HRA Investment Plan which was approved by Council in July 2013. The key objectives for future housing provision outlined in this document were taken into account in producing both the revenue and capital HRA budgets. These are as follows:
  - Continue to invest in existing stock to maintain good quality homes
  - Invest in new build schemes/acquire affordable housing to increase the amount of affordable housing available.
  - Refurbishment/regeneration of stock which no longer meets needs.
  - Environmental improvements to estates to ensure they are clean and safe.
  - Invest in service delivery
  - Develop and maintain effective engagement with tenants

#### Budget Assumptions and the Budget Strategy

- 3.19 The 2017/18 Housing Revenue Budget has been prepared following a robust process outlined in the 2017/18 Budget Strategy.
- 3.20 In order to drive efficiency savings within the cost of supplies and services, a rate of 0% has been applied to non-contract related expenditure. As the Retail Price Index (RPI) stood at 2.1% in November 2016, the application of 0% represents an effective saving on running costs. For contracts, an inflation rate of 2.1% has been used, unless otherwise specified within the terms of the specific contract.
- 3.21 The salaries and wages budgets form one of the most significant elements of the revenue budget. For pay costs, the 2017/18 estimates includes the agreed 1% pay increase as outlined by the NJC in November 2014. The Council operates a disciplined process of challenging recruitment and filling of posts and therefore a salary saving rate of 5% (£81,435 for the HRA) has been applied to posts to reflect the savings which will result from this challenge. This rate is unchanged from that used in 2014/15.

- 3.22 Service costs totalling £1,830 endorsed by the Strategic Leadership Team have been included in the draft budget. Of this amount:
  - £1,480 relating to IT costs
  - £350 due to an increase in NNDR

#### Housing Repairs budgets

- 3.23 The housing repairs operational budgets (Planned and Responsive repairs) have been prepared taking into account forecast need and the capacity for this to be delivered in 2017/18. Supplies and Services costs have reduced by £60,041 compared to the 2016/17 original budget. The main reason for this is stock condition is on a 5 year cyclical programme so will not be required in 2017/18
- 3.24 On the basis of these costs and the efficiencies identified in year, the housing repairs account is forecast to achieve an operating surplus (i.e. before transfer to reserves) of £421,688 and £558,001 in 2016/17 and 2017/18 respectively.

#### Working balances

- 3.25 The Council has the following policies relating to levels of balances and reserves in the HRA:
  - Maintain HRA balances (non earmarked) of £250 per property. For 2017/18, this
    equates to minimum balance of £838,500 based on 3,354 properties at the point of
    rent setting
  - Maintain a breakeven position within the Housing Repairs Account with all surpluses transferred to earmarked reserves
  - Where possible, all actual service under-spends and excess balances should be transferred to earmarked reserves to plan for specific future costs or financial risks.
  - There should be no direct contribution from revenue to capital except for specific identified projects.
- 3.26 The projected movement of the Housing Revenue Account balance is detailed below and indicates that sufficient balances are forecast as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2018 based on the minimum balance thresholds outlined in 3.25. Required transactions to achieve minimum balances for 2017/18 will be considered as part of the outturn process. <sup>1</sup>

	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18
	ORIGINAL	LATEST	ORIGINAL
	ESTIMATE	ESTIMATE	ESTIMATE
	£	£	£
Opening Balance at 1st April	(829,000)	(990,638)	(841,995)
Closing Balance at 31st March	(857,000)	(841,995)	(841,694)

3.27 The Housing Repairs Account balance is forecast as follows:

	2016/17	2016/17	2017/18
	ORIGINAL	LATEST	ORIGINAL
	ESTIMATE	<b>ESTIMATE</b>	ESTIMATE
	c	c	c
	L.	~	L.
Opening Balance at 1st April	(571,766)	(697,000)	(357,688)

<sup>1 (</sup>x) Relates to credit/positive balances

#### Reserves

- 3.28 Appendix 3 provides a summary of earmarked HRA reserves, together with estimated movements during 2016/17 and 2017/18. Based on these calculations, it is estimated that the Council will hold £9,853,986 in earmarked HRA reserves as at 31st March 2017 and £8,900,811 at 31st March 2018. This amount excludes any "unapplied grants and contributions" which are treated as earmarked reserves in accordance with accounting regulations but relate to specific grants where conditions have not yet been met.
- 3.29 The following transfers to reserves require approval by Council:

Reserve	Transfer £	Use
2016/17		
Piper Alarm Reserve	10,400	Reserve set aside for additional costs that may be incurred on provision of the Control Centre service.
Regeneration Reserve	2,915,000	This reserve has been set up to fund the implementation of the Housing Investment Plan. The transfer to reserves has been funded by both the HRA and the Housing Repairs Account
2017/18		
Piper Alarm Reserve	10,400	Reserve set aside for additional costs that may be incurred on provision of the Piper Alarm service. This service is currently under review by the Council
Regeneration Reserve	2,615,000	This reserve has been set up to fund the implementation of the Housing Investment Plan. The transfer to reserves has been funded by both the HRA and the Housing Repairs Account
Pension Reserve	3,520	This reserve has been set aside to fund any future pension liability for the HRA
Major Repairs Reserve	£1,458,550	This amount together with the depreciation budget will be set aside to fund capital expenditure. (This entry is now required to a change in accounting regulations)

3.30 It is proposed that HRA reserves will only be used for capital purposes in 2016/17. Full details are included in the Capital Programme.

#### HRA Business Plan

- 3.31 The HRA Business and Investment plan outlines how the HRA business will deliver services and capital projects over a 30 year period. The plan has been updated to reflect the budget for 2017/18 and the current affordable housing programme which is included within the capital programme report. The updated business plan will be incorporated into a revised HRA Investment Strategy.
- 4. EXEMPTIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION PROCEDURE RULES
- 4.1 This report will be taken in open session.

- 5. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS [TF]
- 5.1 Contained in the body of the report
- 6. <u>LEGAL IMPLICATIONS [AR]</u>
- 6.1 This budget is drawn up and approved in accordance with the Statutory requirements as to the keeping of a Housing Revenue Account (HRA), as contained in the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 ('the Act'). It is a duty of each local authority to approve its HRA budget in the January and February immediately before the commencement of the financial year to which it relates.
- 6.2 The provisions include a duty, under Section 76 of the Act, to budget to prevent a debit balance on the HRA and to implement and review the budget. The Account must relate to the income of the authority for the year from rents and other charges in respect of houses and other property within their Housing Revenue Account and the expenditure of the authority for the year in respect of the repair, maintenance, supervision and management of such property and any other requirements of the Secretary of State.

#### 7. CORPORATE PLAN IMPLICATIONS

7.1 The proposed budgets will allocate resources to enable the Council to achieve its objectives for its own housing stock.

#### 8. CONSULTATION

- 8.1 Relevant council officers have been consulted in the preparation of the budgets.
- 8.2 A full consultation exercise on priorities for Housing Investment was conducted in 2013/2014, the results of which were considered in preparation of the Housing Investment Plan

## 9. RISK IMPLICATIONS

It is the Council's policy to proactively identify and manage significant risks which may prevent delivery of business objectives.

It is not possible to eliminate or manage all risks all of the time and risks will remain which have not been identified. However, it is the officer's opinion based on the information available, that the significant risks associated with this decision / project have been identified, assessed and that controls are in place to manage them effectively.

The following significant risks associated with this report / decisions were identified from this assessment:

Management of significant (Net Red) Risks					
Risk Description	Risk Description Mitigating actions				
That the Council has	A budget strategy is produced to ensure that the	A \A/ilaan			
insufficient resources to meet its aspirations and	objectives of the budget exercise are known throughout the organisation.	A. Wilson			
cannot set a balanced budget	The budget is scrutinised on an ongoing basis to ensure that assumptions are robust and reflective of financial performance.				
	Sufficient levels of reserves and balances are maintained to ensure financial resilience				

## 10. KNOWING YOUR COMMUNITY - EQUALITY AND RURAL IMPLICATIONS

10.1 The budget will allow management and maintenance of properties throughout the Borough in accordance with the HRA Investment Plan.

## 11. CORPORATE IMPLICATIONS

- 11.1 By submitting this report, the report author has taken the following into account:
  - Community Safety implications
  - Environmental implications
  - ICT implications
  - Asset Management implications
  - Procurement implications
  - Human Resources implications
  - Planning implications
  - Data Protection implications

- Voluntary Sector

Background papers: None

Contact Officer: Tim Finn, Accountant Ext. 5709

Executive Member: Councillor Boothby

HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT	2016/17 ORIGINAL ESTIMATE £	2016/17 LATEST ESTIMATE £	2017/18 ORIGINAL ESTIMATE £
TIOUSING REVERSE ASSOCIATION	~	~	~
INCOME			
Dwelling Rents	(13,080,636)	(13,080,636)	(12,941,480)
Non Dwelling Rents (garages & land)	(81,490)	(81,490)	(83,200)
Contributions to Expenditure	(17,020)	(17,020)	(17,020)
	(13,179,146)	(13,179,146)	(13,041,700)
EXPENDITURE			<u> </u>
Supervision & Management (General)	2,073,180	2,103,601	2,026,712
Supervision & Management (Special)	626,953	627,393	588,844
Contribution to Housing Repairs A/C	3,192,165	3,192,165	3,192,165
Depreciation (Item 8 Debit)	3,018,550	3,018,550	1,582,000
Capital Charges : Debt Management	4,220	4,220	4,220
Increase in Provision for Bad Debts	120,000	120,000	120,000
Lump sum Pension Contribution	72,680	72,680	25,030
Interest on Borrowing	2,095,800	2,095,800	2,098,800
Further net pressures identified in year	-	-	-
	11,203,548	11,234,409	9,677,751
Net (Income)/Cost of Services	(1,975,598)	(1,944,737)	(3,363,949)
Transfer from Major Repairs Reserve	(822,130)	(822,130)	_
Interest Receivable	(67,000)	(67,000)	(13,350)
IAS19 Adjustment	(50,540)	(50,540)	(59,870)
Net Operating (Income)/Cost	(2,915,268)	(2,884,407)	(3,437,169)
CONTRIBUTIONS			
Contribution to/(from) Piper Alarm Reserve	10,400	10,400	10,400
Contribution to/(from) Service Improvement Reserve	-	-	-
Contribution to Pension Reserve	3,520	3,520	3,520
Transfer to Major Repairs Reserve	844,130	844,130	1,458,550
Contribution to Regeneration Reserve	2,029,235	2,175,000	1,965,000
(Surplus) / Deficit	(27,983)	148,643	301
Relevant Year Opening Balance at 1st April	(829,000)	(990,638)	(841,995)
Relevant Year Closing Balance at 31st March	(856,983)	(841,995)	(841,694)
Nelevant Tear Clusing Dalance at 315t March	(030,303)	(041,333)	(041,034)

## Appendix 2

	2016-17 ORIGINAL	2016-17 LATEST	2017-18 ORIGINAL
	ESTIMATE	ESTIMATE	ESTIMATE
	£	£	£
HOUSING REPAIRS ACCOUNT			
Administration			
Employee Costs	416,882	396,882	375,100
Transport Related Expenditure	5,960	5,960	8,000
Supplies & Services	266,011	317,011	205,570
Central Administrative Expenses	240,170	239,130	237,100
Total Housing Repairs Administration	929,023	958,983	825,770
Programmed Repairs	560,230	625,169	629,704
Responsive Repairs	1,202,655	1,202,655	1,202,660
GROSS EXPENDITURE	2,691,908	2,786,807	2,658,134
Contribution from HRA Other Income	(3,192,165)	(3,192,165) (1,350)	•
IAS19 Adjustment	(14,980)	(14,980)	
TOTAL INCOME	(3,207,145)	(3,208,495)	(3,216,135)
Contribution to HRA Reserves	740,000	740,000	650,000
Contribution from Reserves	0	0	0
Estimated in year Savings	0	0	0
NET EXPENDITURE	224,763	318,312	91,999
Opening Balance at 1st April	(571,766)	(676,000)	(357,688)
Closing Balance at 31st March	(347,003)	(357,688)	(265,689)

# Appendix 3

	Opening balance - 1st April	Transfer to reserves	Revenue spend	Capital spend	Revised Balance - 31st	Transfer to reserves	Revenue spend	Capital spend	Forecast Balance 31st
	2016	2016/2017	2016/2017	2016/2017	March 2017	2017/2018	2017/2018	2017/2018	March 2018
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Piper Alarm Reserve	(151,939)	(10,400)	0	0	(162,339)	(10,400)	0	0	(172,739)
Communal Furniture Reserve	(4,913)	0	0	0	(4,913)	0	0	0	(4,913)
Regeneration Reserve	(10,075,730)	(2,915,000)	0	3,593,326	(9,397,405)	(2,769,235)	0	3,736,330	(8,430,310)
Repayment Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service Improvement Reserve	(50,000)	0	0	0	(50,000)	0	0	0	(50,000)
Pension Contribution Reserve	(28,820)	(3,520)	0	0	(32,340)	(3,520)	0	0	(35,860)
Major Repairs Reserve	(206,989)	0	0	0	(206,989)	(1,458,550)	0	1,458,550	(206,989)
Total	(10,518,391)	(2,928,920)	0	3,593,325	(9,853,986)	(4,241,705)	0	5,194,880	(8,900,811)